ANSC 261L

Anesthesiology and Veterinary Dentistry for Veterinary Technicians Lab

Course Syllabus and Handbook Spring 2017

ANSC 261L: Anesthesiology and Dentistry for Veterinary Technicians CRN 64332 and CRN 64333

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Catalog Description

This course will focus on the clinical skills necessary for safe and effective anesthesia and dental prophylaxis of companion a patients (dogs and cats). Skills such as intravenous catheter placement, endotracheal intubation, patient preparation and monitoring, and dental prophylaxis under general anesthesia will be stressed. The use and side effects of commonly used sedatives, analgesics and anesthetics will be covered. Postoperative procedures include patient monitoring and charting as client education for postoperative care. (6 hours laboratory)

Pre-Requisite(s): Admission in the Veterinary Technology program.

Co-Requisite(s): Co-registration in ANSC 261.

Activities Required at Scheduled Times Other than Class Times: Students will be expected to rotate through som outside of the scheduled class time. These will include arriving fifteen minutes prior to the beginning of lab to help admit and set up; staying after lab to clean up or discharge patients. If fulfilling one of these obligations represents an undue harrangements for accommodations and alternative duty must be made with the instructor by the second week of class.

Students should also note that although the laboratory session is scheduled to conclude at 2:45pm, this is a patient care situal running late is very common. Students will be required to stay until all their responsibilities for the day are taken care of, will not be granted for scheduled work, meetings, classes or other commitments. It is suggested that you plan for the lab to entire day to avoid having to reschedule other obligations.

Student Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Safely and effectively manage patients during all phases of anesthetic procedures.
- Safely and effectively select, operate and maintain anesthetic delivery equipment and monitoring instruments.
- Safely and effectively operate and maintain dental equipment.
- . Understand and integrate all aspects of patient management for common dental procedures in companion animal spe
- , Identify and provide appropriate instruments, supplies and environment to maintain asepsis during dental procedures

Course Content

- · Commonly used anesthesia and dental equipment
- Proper collection and handling of laboratory specimens
- Laboratory safety (OSHA, SDS)
- Anesthetic protocols

- · Attend labs weekly as scheduled
- Be familiar with lecture content and other course materials prior to coming to lab
- Complete all required assignments
- Complete all required skills for the course
- Take the midterm laboratory practiculur

Assessment Tasks and Grading

METHOD OF GRADING - ANSC 261L

In order to receive a passing grade for ANSC 261L, the student must do all of the following, no exceptions:

- Complete all required assignments
- Take all assessments/practicum
- Have all required clinical skills for the laboratory section in the Accreditation Manager checked off

POINT VALUES

- Employability Skills and Work Ethic (see section under "student responsibilities") 100 points
- Clinical Skills 100 points
- Laboratory exercises and assignments 100 points
- Practicum 100 points

Clinical Skills: Students will be graded on clinical competency and improvement throughout the course. Some of the criter this score include:

- Performs skills competently and fluently
- Has good knowledge base for skills
- Shows improvement
- Is organized and ready to go
- Does calculations correctly

Assignments: Assignments will be given throughout the course. Each assignment will be clearly labeled if it is required, optitake-home or in lab, point value etc. Unannounced quizzes may be administered at the beginning of lab to determine whet the student has the necessary knowledge to do a procedure.

Exams: A midterm practicum will be given with a total point value of 100. Identification and proper use of dental and anes equipment, proper drawing up and logging of drugs, and other skills will be covered.

GRADING SCALE

Total Points and Grade Equivalent

>/= 360 A

320-359 B

280-319 C

240-279 D

<240 F

Policy on Make-Up Exams:

Students must take the practicum at their scheduled time. Make-Ups cannot be offered. No retests will be given for any i

ACADEMIC DISHONESTY

Students involved in academic dishonesty will receive an "F" grade for the course.

Academic dishonesty includes cheating on exams and plagiarism. See the 2015-2017 course catalog for a description of the University's policies concerning academic dishonesty.

Student Responsibilities

- The student is expected to participate in all course activities and complete all examinations and course assignments on time.
- Any changes in the course schedule, such as examination dates, deadlines, etc., will be announced ahead of time in class or on the Laul

- It is the student's responsibility to be aware of and follow all rules, policies and procedures as stated in this syllabus, the laboratory has posted in the Annex, the WCC Vet Tech Student Handbook (see additional information below), or via other written communication by instructor. Failure to follow rules, or any UH/WCC policies, will result in a point deduction or failure of the course, as determined by the The instructor reserves the right to change, modify or add to rules during the semester if deemed necessary. Students will be notified any changes.
- The student is expected to attend each laboratory session in its entirety (until dismissed by the instructor), participate in all course and complete all examinations and course assignments on time. Cell phones are not to be used during the laboratory unless being undirectly for patient care (i.e. to look things up, use the calculator or timer, etc.).
- Because dentistry labs involve working with hazardous materials, students MUST wear close-toed shoes. In addition, some lab activitie
 students to wear gloves, face masks, and safety glasses (provided by the college). Scrubs are required at all times. Students failing to a
 appropriately for lab will not be permitted to participate in laboratory exercises and will be considered absent.
- Students engaged in conduct that threatens themselves or others in the lab will be refused access to the lab for the remainder of the s receive an "F" grade for the course.
- Students are expected to be familiar with and follow the Standard Operating Procedures of the WCC Veterinary Technology Program. Violations of the SOP will result in a point deduction from the student's overall grade for the course. The instructor may also give dem such violations as provided for in the Student Handbook.
 - o Minor violation 10 point deduction
 - o Major violation 50 point deduction
 - o Second major violation or more than 3 minor violations "F" grade for course

The student and the Program Director will be notified in writing of any violation resulting in a point deduction.

Employability Skills and Work Ethic

Points will be rewarded based on subjective assessment of the student's ability to work well with others, maintain a respect demeanor toward peers and instructors, and fulfill responsibilities.

Behaviors evaluated for this assessment include but are not limited to:

- Takes initiative for own learning.
- Helps out other team members
- Treats all members of the team with respect and courtesy
- Arrives for laboratory promptly and ready to go
- Responds cheerfully when asked to do a task
- Acts professionally and does not complain, gossip or talk about others in the profession (in or outside the program) duclass or laboratory
- Accepts constructive criticism
- Follows instructions
- Asks for help or clarification when needed

The final score is completely at the discretion of the instructor; however, students will receive written feedback at the end course to provide an opportunity for self-improvement.

documentation of extenuating circumstances will be required for any absence within 48 hours of returning to class. Any additabsence will result in failure of the course.

Tracking. Attendance will be monitored using the AVImark practice management software during the semester. It is the student responsibility to remember to clock in and out of lab. If the student forgets to clock in, it will be assumed they were tardy/abs

Tardiness. Students arriving more than ten minutes late (after 9:10) must contact the instructor (please text) and a team mem soon as they know they will be late. It is up to the student to make up the missed work to teammates (i.e. take on an extra dute team should discuss with the instructor if an agreement cannot be reached. Points will be deducted for tardiness: 5 points for time the student is tardy by 5 minutes or less; 10 points for each tardy between 5 and 15 minutes late; 15 points for being tard greater than 15 minutes.

Penalties – Deduction from employability grade

Failure to contact team and instructor in case of absence or tardiness Failure to provide documentation for an absence Tardiness

BREAKS: Students are allowed to take short breaks for a maximum of 15 minutes during the laboratory session to eat, smol the restroom etc. provided all of the following conditions are met:

- There are no outstanding duties that need to be completed by the student's laboratory group at the moment
- The student notifies the instructor or instructor's assistant AND at least one laboratory partner where they will be

Failure to follow this procedure will result in an unexcused absence.

Learning Resources

Required

A wrist watch with second hand or digital second reading.

Veterinary Dentistry A Team Approach: Holmstrom S.E. 2nd Edition, Elsevier Saunders, St. Louis MO

Anesthesia and Analgesia for Veterinary Technicians: Thomas, J. and Lerche, P. Elsevier Mosby, St. Louis, MO. 4th Edition.

Recommended

Science Direct: science database available through the library learning commons link from the WCC website or at http://www.sciencedirect.com/

Veterinary Anesthesia and Analgesia Support Group http://www.vasg.org. This is an extensive free resource, geared to the veterinary practitioner and nursing staff, covering all things related to anesthesia of the veterinary patient.

Additional Information

Laulima: Your instructor has created a Laulima website to accompany this course. This website contains lecture outlines, course forms and syllabi, and links to on-line learning resources. Students enrolled in ANSC 261/261L are automatically enrolled and click on ANSC 261/261L Laulima website. To access, go to https://laulima.hawaii.edu/portal. Login using your UH username and pland click on ANSC 261/261L.

DISABILITIES ACCOMMODATION STATEMENT

ANSC 261L DENTISTRY LAB PROCEDURES

- o At 9:00am or when all patients have been dropped off, group meeting will be called by instructor to assign patients and make announcements
- o Students work in assigned teams to perform pre-op physical exam, and run any necessary lab work.
 - Please check with instructor before performing lab work. First year nursing students may have already d
 - so. Animals seven and older will have labs done routinely: younger animals will be tested if medically indicated in the seven and older will have labs done routinely:
- o Students will divide duties for the day as follows:
 - Anesthetist is responsible for induction, monitoring, and maintaining anesthesia, and recovery.
 - **Dental cleaning** this person is responsible for performing the dental prophylaxis, describing pathology to the p charting dentition. Administering local blocks and assisting veterinarian in extractions.
 - **Circulating nurse charting –** is responsible for setting up and breaking down wet table for procedure, locating supplies, charting all pathology of animal's dentition.
 - **Circulation nurse radiology** is responsible for setting up and taking radiographs of the animal's dentition. An attempt should be made to do full mouth radiographs, but at the very least ones before and after extractions.
- o Students are to determine ASA status and gather all supplies needed for induction and the dental procedure. Potrays are provided for each patient to help keep supplies in one place. The team will select an anesthesia protoco do the necessary calculation after approval from the instructor. Induction agents will be determined at the beginn of class.
- Once labs are reviewed and drug protocols/calculations are approved by the veterinarian, students will assist in drawing up and labeling drugs with patient name, drug name and quantity, and recording them in the controlled log as necessary.
- o Procedures will be scheduled taking patient factors into account, but priority will be given to student teams who ready to go first.
- o Each team must fill out discharge orders and fill meds to go home with their patient; wash their instruments; cle their own messes, and clean the wet table and dental equipment used for their patient.
- o When all procedures are finished, one team takes responsibility for general cleanup and restocking; one team is responsible for helping discharge patients in the late afternoon. Students must also take turns being responsibl arriving early and helping to admit and properly label all patients.
- o When all procedures are finished an assigned group will take responsibility for general cleanup and restocking.

LABORATORY SAFETY RULES

- Be familiar with lab safety procedures and take appropriate precautions at all times to ensure the safety of other stud
 instructors and patients.
- Follow all instructions carefully, especially when hazardous materials are being used.
- Know the locations of important safety equipment: eyewash, safety shower, fire extinguisher, and first aid kit.
- Report ALL injuries, including scratches, needle sticks or ANYTHING that breaks the skin, to the instructor immediately
 out 'Incident' form if instructor determines it is necessary.
- Dress appropriately for lab. Closed-toe shoes are required for ALL labs.
- Report any hazardous conditions (e.g. chemical spills or broken glass) to the instructor immediately.
- NO FOOD, DRINK, SMOKING OR VAPING ARE ALLOWED IN THE ANNEX
- Chemicals used in lab may be poisonous, corrosive, or flammable. No chemicals, even those known to be safe, should ingested or touched with un-gloved hands unless you are specifically directed to do so by your instructor.
- Know how to safely operate all lab equipment and tools (e.g., microscopes, scalpels, and hematology supplies). Safe u will be demonstrated by your instructor.
- Clean all lab supplies and return them to their proper location before leaving lab.
- Treat all organisms, living or dead, with care and respect. Use gloves when handling dissected specimens.
- Place broken glass, sharps, and dissected specimens in the appropriate receptacles (NOT IN THE TRASH!)
- Unless otherwise instructed, chemical wastes should NOT be disposed of down the drain.
- Human and animal tissues and bodily fluids (e.g., saliva and blood) must be disposed of in appropriate bio-hazard conf (NOT IN THE TRASH!).
- Wash your hands immediately following each lab to reduce the possibility of contamination or infection.
- Syringes are not to be detached from needles for disposal. Place the entire needle and syringe in the sharps contained
- Microscope slides, the plastic attachment on IV infusion sets or any non-metal item that can potentially puncture a platrash bag must be placed in containers marked "Non-metal sharps." Any non-metal sharps contaminated with bodily or biohazardous material is to be placed in the regular sharps container.
- If you are unsure about proper safety protocol, ASK.

Anesthesia and Surgery Protocols for ANSC 261L

Examine patient, get TPR. Determine ASA physical status.

ALL PATIENTS: Draw up 1mg/kg lidocaine and 1mg/kg bupivicaine in same syringe, label with drug contents and patient name. Saide for local nerve blocks.

Unless otherwise, noted, all premedication or induction combinations can be combined in same syringe.

Always verify doses with doctor before drawing up drugs

Cat Protocols

Premedication – Choose one Combination:

- 1. Buprenorphine 0.02mg/kg and Acepromazine 0.06mg 0.1mg/kg IM
- 2. Buprenorphine 0.02mg/kg and Midazolam 0.4mg/kg IM
- 3. Buprenorphine 0.02mg/kg and Dexmedetomidine* 0.002 0.01mg/kg IM
- * If needed, reverse Dexmedetomidine with Antisedan. Use same volume as dexmedetomidine and give IM. (given IV in an emergency. Draw up proper quantity and have ready.

Induction – Choose one:

- 1. Propofol at 4mg/kg given IV to effect over 90-120 seconds
- 2. Alfaxalone at 2-5mg/kg given IV to effect over 90-120 seconds
- 3. Ketamine and Midazolam at 0.5ml/10lbs of each drug (MAX 0.5 total of each)

Maintenance on isoflurane titrated to effect

Analgesic/Pain medication: Give Onsior (robenacoxib) 2mg/kg SQ

(Give when pre-medicating)

**** For cats/kittens <4months old and <5.5 lbs; give: Simbadol _{0.25mg/kg} post-op

Feral or Fractious Cat Protocol:

Induction: "Kitty Magic" – use all of the following, given together IM

Buprenorphine: 0.1ml/10lbs (of 0.3mg/ml)

Ketamine: 0.1ml/10lbs

Dexmaedetomindine*: 0.1ml/10lbs

* If needed, reverse Dexmedetomidine with Antisedan. Use same volume as dexmedetomidine and give IM. (given IV in an emergency. Draw up proper quantity and have ready.

Maintenance on isoflurane titrated to effect

Analgesic/Pain medication: Give Onsior (robenacoxib) 2mg/kg SQ

(Give when pre-medicating)

**** For cats/kittens <4months old and <5.5 lbs; give: Simbadol 0.24mg/kg post-op

DOG Protocols:

Premedication - Choose One Combination:

- $_{
 m 1.}~$ Butorphanol 0.2-0.4mg/kg and Acepromazine** 0.01-0.05 mg/kg IM
- Butorphanol 0.2-0.4/kg and Dexmedetomidine* 0.002-0.005mg/kg and

* If needed, reverse Dexmedetomidine with Antisedan. Use same volume as dexmedetomidine and give IM. Can be give in an emergency. Draw up the proper quantity and have ready.

Induction - Choose One:

- 1. Propofol at 4mg/kg given IV to effect over 90-120 seconds
- 2. Alfaxalone at 2-5mg/kg given IV to effect over 90-120 seconds
- 3. Ketamine and Midazolam at 0.25mL/10lbs of each drug IV

 $Maintenance_{\,on\,isoflurane\,to\,effect.}$

Analgesia/Pain meds: Rimadyl 1 MG per pound (or 2.2mg/kg) SQ (give when pre-medicating) Or Meloxicam 0.2 mg/kg SQ

For nervous or fearful (aggressive) dogs and/or an additional anesthetic protocol, see attached 'Doggie Maj dose chart.

INDUCTION CHECKLIST

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- Gauze square
- Gauze (for tying)
- _{_} Induction drugs
- _ O2 is on
- Anesthetic machine leak test
- a Anesthetic machine properly equipped
- Lidocaine/bupivacaine (for local nerve blocks)
- $_{\scriptscriptstyle \square}$ Lidocaine 0.1mL (for intubating cats)
- Larvngoscope

- _ Clippers
- Scrub
- 。Do you have to go to the bathroom?

Pre Dental Checklist

Kennel check:

- Name cards on runs/cages
- Patients walked
- o Runs/cages cleaned
- Water bowls removed

Induction area check:

- O SX or dental supplies available suture, blades, etc.
- Emergency medications available
- Warming source ON

Anesthesia Machine(s):

O Supply ON & quantity sufficient

○ Ax Machines attached to O₂ source and Leak checked

Monitor(s)

All leads attached and operational

Post Dental Checklist

Treatment area check:

- Wash and wrap all Instruments
- Wipe down all surfaces with Roccal or Trifexis
- All supplies put away
- Start surgical laundry
- Start autoclave
- o Anesthesia machines O₂ and Vaporizers OFF
- **O**₂ supply OFF & quantity noted
- Scavenge system OFF
- Monitors off and all leads stowed
- Radiology shut down
- Wet tables cleaned
- Ontol machines stawed

Trash emptied and Bio trash tied and marked for autoclaving

Pre Dental Checklist Per Patient

- Peri-operative supplies located (muzzles, eye lube, clippers, nail trimmers, ear cleaner, etc.)
- o ID and Procedure confirmed
- Weight and TPR recorded
- Reservoir bag & breathing system calculated & attached
- Fluids calculated & pump set up
- Bloodwork run and shown to DVM if done
- Patient examined by DVM
- Drugs calculated and verified by DVM
- Drugs drawn up, labeled, and logged
- Pre-meds given
- o (3) sizes ETTs selected and leak checked
- Plug in and pressurize dental machine
- Check scaler
- Fill distilled water / Fill CLS
- Prophy cup and paste, Oravet
- Autoclaved dental tools

Post Dental Checklist Per Patient

- Patient sternal and temp > 98°
- o Post-op pain meds given
- Catheter removed
- o Dental machine depressurized
- Dental machine turned off
- Hand pieces cleaned
- Patient clean and brushed
- Discharge paperwork filled out
- o Meds to go home filled
- E-collar placed if necessary
- Surgery paperwork turned in

Table 1. Doggie magic combination for light and mild sedation-premedication

Dexdomi	tor-Opi	oid-Ketan	nine-Sedation/an	ialgesia Ir	n Dogs	
		Light Sedation		Mild sedation		
Dog Weight		Dexdomitor 62.5 mcg/m2 IM		Dexdomitor 125 mcg/m2 IM		
4-7	2-3	4.7	0.02	9.4	0.04	
7-9	3-4	4.15	0.025	8.3	0.05	
9-11	4-5	3.85	0.035	7.7	0.07	
11-22	5-10	3.25	0.05	6.5	0.10	
22-29	10-13	2.8	0.065	5.6	0.13	
29-33	13-15	2.6	0.075	5.2	0.15	
33-44	15-20	2.45	0.085	4.9	0.17	
44-55	20-25	2.25	0.10	4.5	0.20	
55-66	25-30	2.1	0.115	4.2	0.23	
66-73	30-33	2.0	0.125	4.0	0.25	
73-81	33-37	1.95	0.135	3.9	0.27	
81-99	37-45	1.5	0.15	3.7	0.30	
99-110	45-50	1.75	0.165	3.5	0.33	
110-121	50-55	1.7	0.175	3.4	0.35	
121-132	55-60	1.65	0.19	3.3	0.38	
132-143	60-65	1.45	0.20	3.2	0.40	
143-154	65-70	1.41	0.21	3.1	0.42	
154-176	70-80	1.5	0.225	3.0	0.45	
>176	>80	1.31	0.235	2.9	0.47	

Use opioid and ketamine- in an identical injection volume as Dexdomitor shown in the table. Choice of opioid-

¹⁾ Butorphanol (10 mg/mL) or

²⁾ Hydromorphone (2 mg/mL) or

³⁾ Morphine (15 mg/mL) or

⁴⁾ Buprenorphine (300 mcg/mL should be given 15 minutes ahead of Dexdomitor to take full advantage of sedation-analges

Dexdomitor-Opioid-Ketamine Sedation/Anesthesia In Dogs						
		Moderate Sedation		Profound sedation		
Dog Weight		Dexdomitor 250 mcg/m2 IM		Dexdomitor 375 mcg/m2 IM		
4-7	2-3	20	0.08	28.1	0.12	
7-9	3-4	16.6	0.10	25.0	0.15	
9-11	4-5	15.5	0.14	23.0	0.20	
11-22	5-10	13.3	0.20	19.6	0.29	
22-29	10-13	10.8	0.26	16.8	0.38	
29-33	13-15	10.7	0.30	15.7	0.44	
33-44	15-20	9.7	0.34	14.6	0.51	
44-55	20-25	8.9	0.40	13.4	0.60	
55-66	25-30	8.4	0.46	12.6	0.69	
66-73	30-33	7.9	0.50	12.0	0.75	
73-81	33-37	7.7	0.54	11.6	0.81	
81-99	37-45	7.5	0.60	11.0	0.90	
99-110	45-50	6.9	0.66	10.5	0.99	
110-121	50-55	6.6	0.70	10.1	1.06	
121-132	55-60	6.6	0.76	9.8	1.13	
132-143	60-65	6.4	0.80	9.5	1.19	
143-154	65-70	6.2	0.84	9.3	1.26	
154-176	70-80	6.0	0.90	9.0	1.35	
>176	>80	5.8	0.94	8.7	1.42	

Use opioid and ketamine- in an identical injection volume as Dexdomitor shown in the table. Choice of opioid-

- 1) Butorphanol (10 mg/mL) or
- 2) Hydromorphone (2 mg/mL) or
- 3) Morphine (15 mg/mL)- may induce more frequent vomiting response than other opioids.
- 4) Buprenorphine (300 mcg/mL), buprenorphine should be given 15 minutes ahead of Dexdomitor to take full advantage of sedation-analgesia

Table 3. Doggie magic combination- surgical injectable combination

Dexdomitor-Opioid-Ketamine Anesthesia-Analgesia In Dogs

				mcg/kg	
4-7	2-3	20	0.08	40.0	0.15
7-9	3-4	16.6	0.10	35.0	0.20
9-11	4-5	15.5	0.14	30.0	0.30
11-22	5-10	13.3	0.20	25.0	0.40
22-29	10-13	10.8	0.26	23.0	0.50
29-33	13-15	10.7	0.30	21.0	0.60
33-44	15-20	9.7	0.34	20.0	0.70
44-55	20-25	8.9	0.40	18.0	0.80
55-66	25-30	8.4	0.46	17.0	0.90
66-73	30-33	7.9	0.50	16.0	1.00
73-81	33-37	7.7	0.54	15.0	1.10
81-99	37-45	7.5	0.60	14.5	1.20
99-110	45-50	6.9	0.66	14.0	1.30
110-121	50-55	6.6	0.70	13.5	1.40
121-132	55-60	6.6	0.76	13.0	1.50
132-143	60-65	6.4	0.80	12.8	1.60
143-154	65-70	6.2	0.84	12.5	1.70
154-176	70-80	6.0	0.90	12.3	1.80
>176	>80	5.8	0.94	12.0	1.90

Use opioid and ketamine- in an identical injection volume as Dexdomitor shown in the table. Choice of opioid-

- 1) Butorphanol (10 mg/mL) or
- 2) Hydromorphone (2 mg/mL) or
- 3) Morphine (15 mg/mL) or 4) Buprenorphine (300 mcg/mL), buprenorphine should be given 15 minutes ahead of Dexdom take full advantage of sedation-analgesia

American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA)

Physical Status Classification System

ASA Physical Status 1 - A normal healthy patient

ASA Physical Status 2 - A patient with mild systemic disease (including neonates and geriatric)

261L Lab Schedule: Subject to Change

Date	Class
January 12 & 13	Lab Handbook, Dental Machines, Dental
	Radiology, Neuters
January 19 & 20	Anesthesia & CPR Review, Spays/Neuters
January 26 & 27	Min. 3 dentals each lab
February 2 & 3	Min. 3 dentals each lab
February 9 & 10	Min. 3 dentals each lab
February 16 & 17	Min. 3 dentals each lab
February 23 & 24	Min. 3 dentals each lab

March 30 & 31	Spring Break
April 6 & 7	Min. 3 dentals each lab
April 13 & 14	No lab
April 20 & 21	Min. 3 dentals each lab
April 27 & 28	Clean-up

Skills Checklist for ANSC 261L

Instructor initials must be obtained on the day procedure was performed.

Skill	Animal	Date	Instructor
Maintain emergency medical supplies/crash cart			
Perform first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (simulation			
acceptable)			
Use resuscitation bag			
Perform dental prophylaxis			
Creat diagnostic dental radiographic images			
Chart pathological dentition			
Calculate dosages of appropriate anesthetic drugs			
Place intravenous catheter (cephalic)			
Place intravenous catheter (saphenous)			
Maintain and care for catheter			
Place endotracheal tubes in patients			
Use clinical signs and equipment to monitor patient status			
Complete controlled substance log			
Maintain and operate esophageal stethoscope			
Maintain and operate anesthesia machine - rebreathing circuit			
Maintain and operate anesthesia machine - nonrebreather			
Maintain and operate scavenging system			
Maintain and operate oxygen source			
Maintain and operate electrocardiograph			
Maintain and operate the pulse oximeter			
Maintain and operate the capnograph			
Maintain and operate respiratory monitors			
Maintain and operate blood pressure monitor: oscillometer			
Maintain and operate blood pressure monitor: doppler			
Maintain and operate laryngoscope			
Group:			
Perform cystocentesis to collect urine			